


Aggregate Airspace Congestion Modeling



David Lovell

Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering

& Institute for Systems Research

University of Maryland

College Park, MD

joint work with Michael Ball, Yufeng Tu, and Bala Chandran



Evolving from Monitor Alert

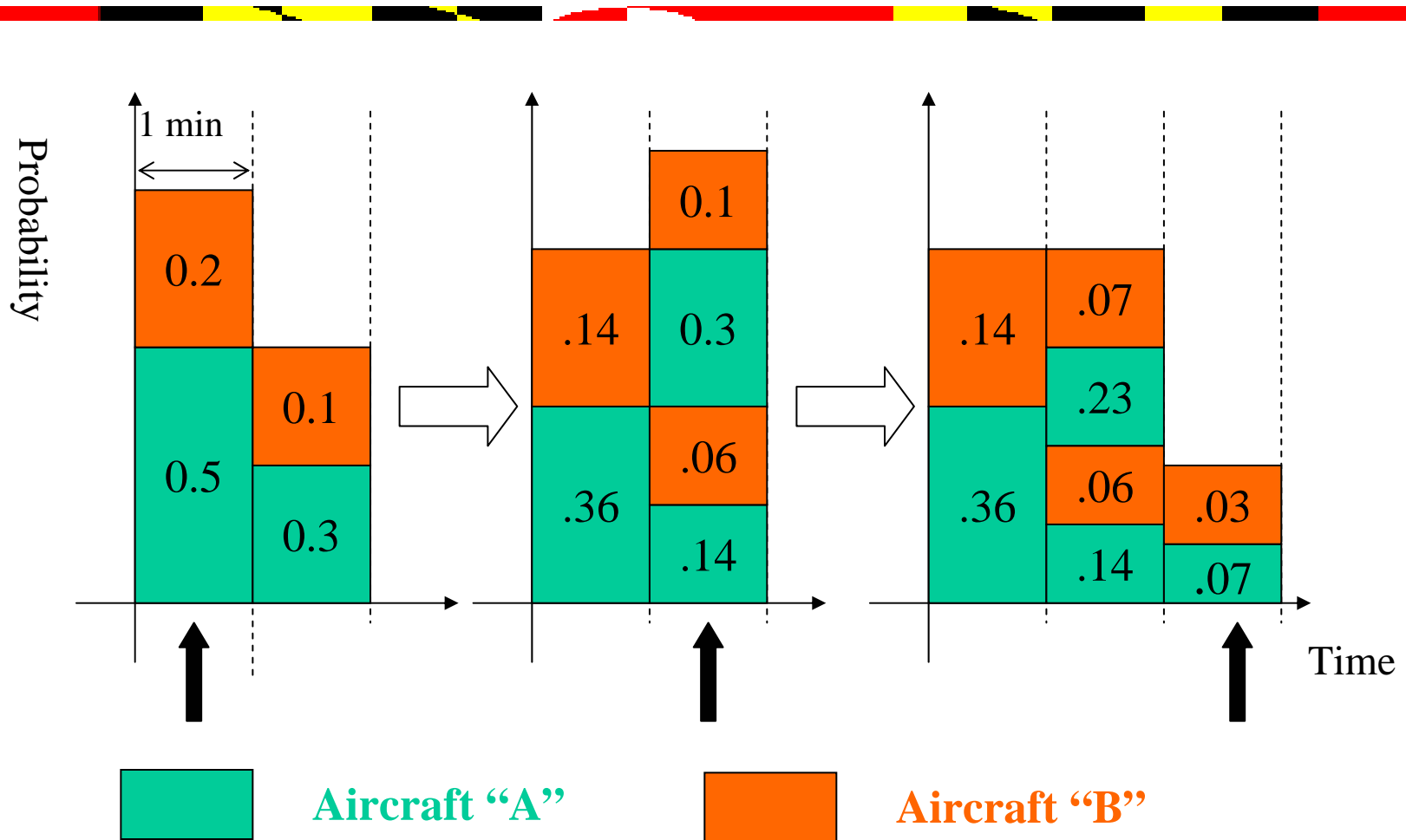
- Improvements
 - Queueing effects in the NAS caused by capacity restrictions
 - Stochastic departure times of aircraft
- Applications
 - Collaborative decision-making and schedule refinement
 - Congestion alerts over the course of the day
- Outputs
 - Probability of congestion in sector x at time t
 - Distribution of delays to flights
 - Airspace capacity estimation



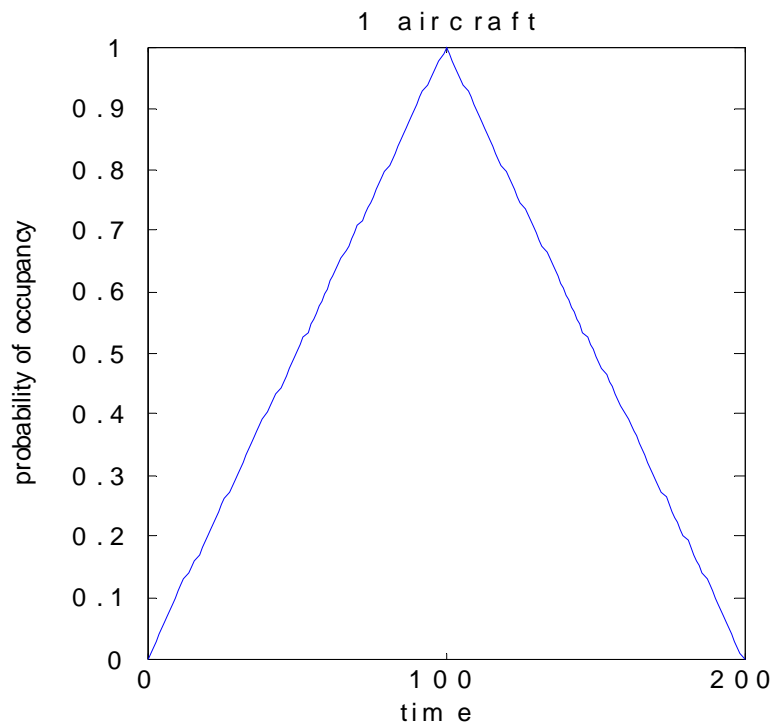
Issues related to model scale

- Microscopic simulation models are OK when time is plentiful
- Our goal: rougher estimates in a single pass
- Limited network topology
- Fluid modeling of “probability flows” – continuum diffusion equations operating on tandem queues
- Convergence, or “laws of large numbers”

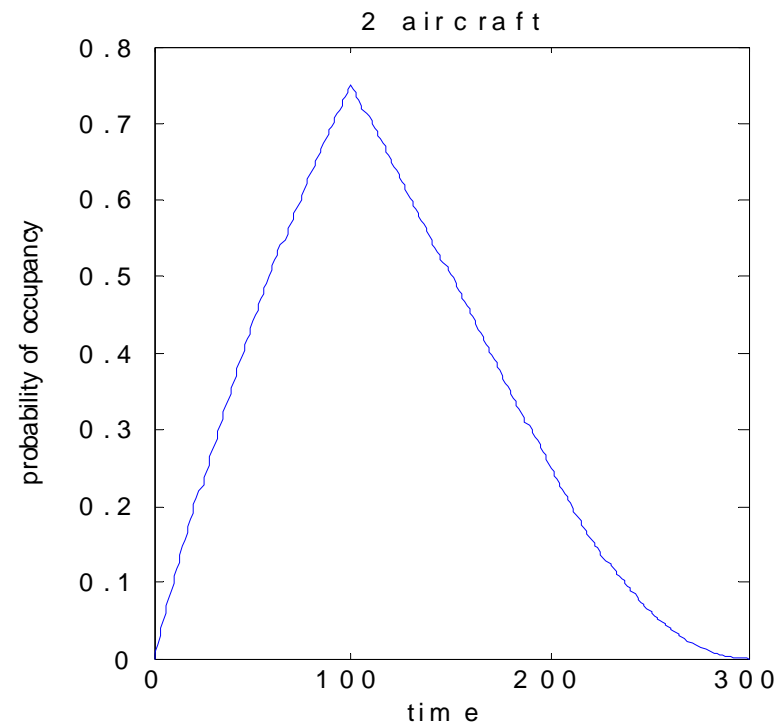
Propagation of “probability packets”



Example of interaction effects



- $P\{\text{cancel}\} = 0$
- $t_A \sim \text{uniform}(0,100)$

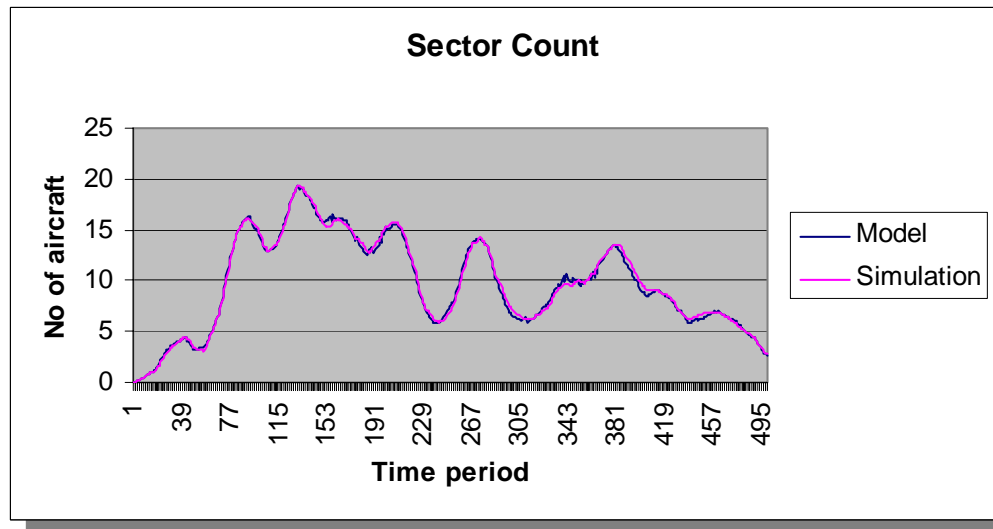


For aircraft A and B:

- $P\{\text{cancel}\} = 0.5$
- $t_A, t_B \sim \text{indep. uniform}(0,100)$
- server capacity = 1

Preliminary results

- Bala attempted to categorize interactions according to some degree of severity: “strong” and “weak” and developed heuristic methods to handle these situations:



Flight No	Predicted Travel Time	Actual Travel Time
119	119.555	116.199
340	111.755	114.744
954	356.743	364.500